JEC Code No. 10192E

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Reg.No.:Sub.Code: SECO5A

B.Com. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

FIFTH SEMESTER COMMERCE - MAIN

MAJOR ELECTIVE - INCOME TAX LAW AND PRACTICE - I

(For those who joined in July 2017 Onwards)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

| (Question to be started here) | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| $-\mathbf{A} \qquad \qquad (10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$ | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| b) exhaustive | | | | | |
| d) simply | | | | | |
| income | | | | | |
| b) agricultural | | | | | |
| d) gross total | | | | | |
| mpted income. | | | | | |
| b) Sec.88 | | | | | |
| d) sec.10 | | | | | |
| d as per the provision of | | | | | |
| b) sec.7 | | | | | |
| d) sec.11 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| b) Rs. 3,00,000 | | | | | |
| d) Rs, 4,00,000 | | | | | |
| oto | | | | | |
| b) 9.5 Salary | | | | | |
| d) 9% salary | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| b) fair rent | | | | | |
| d) whichever is less | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| b) municipal value | | | | | |
| d) minimum rent | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| b) 30 th September | | | | | |
| d) 30 th June | | | | | |
| 2, 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | |
| b) 20% | | | | | |
| d) 25% | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

 $Part - B (5 \times 5 = 25 marks)$

Answers ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b) in about 250 words.

11. a) Distinguish between gross total income and total income.

(Or)

- b) Define (i) Assessment year (ii) Previous year
- 12. a) Mr. Laurel, an American citizen comes to India for the first time in the last 25 years on June 15,2018. On oct.20, 2018 he leaves India for Japan. Decide his residential status.

(Or)

- b) Mr. Sennappan earns the following incomes during the financial year 2018-19
 - i. Income from business in USA, controlled from Chennai Rs. 1,20,000.
 - ii. Income from business in Hyderabad, controlled from USA Rs.1,80,000
 - iii. Interest from deposit with an Indian company, received in USA Rs.20,000. Calculate his gross total income for the AY 2019-20 if he is not ordinarily

resident.

p.T.o

13. a) Mr. Ramesh retired on 30.06.2018 from a private Ltd., Co., his pension has been fixed on Rs. 4,800 p.m. He got half of his pension commuted and there by receives Rs.1,50,000. He got his pension commuted during January 2019. Pension is payable on the first day of each month. He received gratuity also. Compute the taxability of pension.

(Or)

- b) What are the features of salary?
- 14. a) Explain the incomes form house property that are fully exempted from tax.

(Or)

b) Me. Vijay owns a house in Kolkata, which was let out to a tenant during pervious year 2018 – 2019. He submits the following details to you.

Municipal value Rs. 1,08,000

Fair rental value Rs. 1,20,000

Standard rent as per rent control Act Rs. 1,02,000

Compute gross annual value.

15. a) Compute business income from the following particulars.

Profit and Loss Account

| Particulars | Rs. | Particulars | Rs. |
|----------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| To General expenses | 10,000 | By Gross profit | 1,00,000 |
| To Salary to staff | 12,000 | By Commission | 10,000 |
| To Purchase of typewriter | 10,000 | By Rent received | 50,000 |
| To Advertisement (in cash) | 2,50,000 | The travectories encoun | |
| To Interest on capital | 3,000 | | |
| To Net profit | 1,00,000 | Selvent Ro EDO (16) | remel sales |
| 87,000 Sandon Cat live Sec | 1,60,000 | Least hard hyndrical Rs. L. | 1,60,000 |

(Or)

b) Discuss about general deduction allowed u/s 37.

Part - C

 $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Answers ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b) in about 600 words.

16. a) Define the term Income under the Income tax Act 1961.

b) What are the instances of agricultural and Non-agricultural income?

17. a) Mr. Narasiman has received the following income during the P.Y. 2018-2019.

| Salary received in India for five months | Rs |
|---|--------|
| Income from house property in India (computed) | 15,000 |
| Interest on savings bank deposit in SBI | 12,350 |
| Amount brought to India and S | 5,000 |
| Amount brought to India out of past untaxed profit earned in France | 25,000 |
| Income from Agriculture in Malaysia being invested in India Income from business in Simulation India | 10,000 |
| Income from business in Singapore being controlled from India | 35,000 |
| Dividend received in Germany from French companies, of which Rs.5,000 was remitted to India | 50,000 |
| Ou are required to | |

You are required to compute total income of Mr. Narasiman for the A.Y.2019-20, if he is

- Resident and ordinarily resident
- ii. Resident but not ordinarily resident
- iii. Non-resident

(Or)

b) Mr. Vijai, a foreigner, came to India from Poland for the first time on 1st April 2012.He stayed here continuously for 3 years and went to France on 1st April 2015. He however, returned to India on 1st July 2015 and went Poland on 1st December 2016. He again came back to India on 25th January 2019 on service in India. Find out his residential status for the assessment year 2019-20.



- 18. a) From the following particulars, compute salary income
 - Basic salary Rs. 13,000 p.m.
 - Dearness allowance Rs. 900 p.m. of which Rs. 500 p.m. enters into pay for service ii. benefits.
 - Bonus Rs. 8,400 iii.
 - Salary in lieu of leave Rs. 3,000 iv.
 - Entertainment allowance Rs. 1,500 p.m.
 - Reimbursement of conveyance expenditure incurred for performing duties Rs. 200. V. vi.
 - Furnished house at concessional rent of Rs. 800 p.m. in Chennai. Fair rental value Rs. 2,500 p.m. Cost of furniture Rs. 35,000. Salary of Gardener Rs. 1,000 p.m. vii.
 - Club bills paid by employer Rs. 2,200 p.a. viii.
 - Contribution by employer and employee to R.P.F 13% (each) of salary ix.
 - Reimbursement of medical expenses Rs. 2,600
 - Life insurance premium paid by employee: Own life Rs.3,000 p.a. Wife's life X. xi. Rs.4,000 p.a. Major Son - Rs. 2,000 p.a.
 - Amount deposited in ELSS 2017 Rs.2,400 XII.
 - Contribution to public provident fund Rs.2,000 xiii.

(Or)

- b) What is provident fund? Explain its types.
- 19. a) Compute the income from house property of Mr. Fransis for the assessment year 2020 from the following particulars.

Rent received Rs. 90,000; Municipal value Rs. 86,000; Fair rental value Rs. 87,000; Standard rent Rs. 96,000; Municipal taxes paid by tenant Rs. 1,500; Fire insurance premium Rs. 500; Ground rent Rs. 600; Repairs Rs. 12,000; Interest on housing loan Rs. 10,000

(Or)

- b) What are the factor determining the Gross Annual Value.

 When a house property is let our for full year -self occupied during whole of the previous year -let for a part of the year and self occupied for remaining part of the year-let out a part of the year because it is either purchased or constructed during the previous year-self occupied and a part is let out-let out with vacancy-let out with unrealized rent
- 20. a) Mr. Saravanan is a leading lawyer in Tamil Nadu, who maintains books of account on cash basis. He has furnished the following information regarding his income for the year ending on 31.03.2019. Determine his taxable income for the P.Y. 2018-2019

| Receipts | Rs. | Expenditures | Rs. |
|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| To Balance b/d | 25,000 | By Office expenses | 7,000 |
| To Fees from clients | | By Salary to staff | 18,000 |
| 2017-18 34,000 |) | By Purchase of law books | 6,000 |
| 2018-19 18,000 | 52,000 | By Office rent | 0,000 |
| To Special commission fees | 22,000 | 2017-18 12,000 | |
| To Presents from clients | 8,000 | 2018-19 8,000 | |
| To Dividend | 5,000 | By Income tax | 27,000 |
| | | By Office repairs | 10,000 |
| | | By Purchase of a typewriter | 5,000 |
| | and the second | By Balance c/d | 1,90,000 |
| Additional information | 1,12,000 | ME HOLD WHAT | 1,12,000 |

Additional information

- i) Depreciation of car is Rs. 5,000 (50% used for personal purposes)
- ii) Typewriter was purchased on 31.12.2018

b) What are the admissible expenses under profit and gains?